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Dutch mini Luke extraction of

Klaudia Dyrda 17th June 2025

Miniaturization and Automation of **Pesticides in Fruits and Vegetables**

The reasons for carrying out the analysis

- To provide a monitoring service in accordance with the harmonised EU monitoring programme.
- REGULATION (EC) No 396/2005 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
- on maximum residue levels of pesticides in or on food and feed of plant and animal origin and amending Council Directive 91/414/EEC





Sampling and sample plans - 2024

F&V

FAO

Routine samples

BCP Samples





TAT 4 weeks TAT 4 weeks TAT 48 hours

817 samples 290 samples 146 samples





Scope 501 analytes 397 analytes accredited 79% of Fruit and vegetable accredited







Advantages

- Well established
- Sensitive
- Low matrix effects
- Broad Spectrum Extraction
- Amenable with GC-MS and LC-MS



Disadvantages





Samples are homogenised 15g aliquots

Diluted 1in20 in Methanol (LC analysis)





s : to



volume









Samples are homogenised 15g aliquots



Extracted with Acetone Dichloromethane Petroleum Ether

Diluted 1in20 in Methanol (LC analysis)

GC Calibration standard matrix matched



Sodium Sulphate is added to the extract to salt out the polar pesticides.



Centrifuged



Re-constituted in Ethyl Acetate (GC analysis) Evaporated down to low volume



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entrifuged

ited down to low volume



Samples are homogenised 15g aliquots

Diluted 1in20 in Methanol (LC analysis)









Solvent usage

Acetone Dichloromethane Petroleum Ether Ethyl Acetate Methanol

Total Solvent usage per sample



30ml + extra for cleaning 30ml 30ml 25ml 9.5ml

>124.5ml



2024 Samples

- 817 Fruit and Vegetables analysed
- Over 101 L of solvent consumed
- 5 water coolers



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How do we validate methods?

ANALYTICAL QUALITY CONTROL AND METHOD VALIDATION PROCEDURES FOR PESTICIDE RESIDUES ANALYSIS IN FOOD AND FEED SANTE 11312/2021 v2

Supersedes Document No. SANTE/11312/2021. Implemented by 01/01/2024







Initial Full Validation

Validation needs to be performed

For all analytes within the scope of the method

- For at least 1 commodity from each of the commodity groups
 - High water content Apple, onion, broccoli _____
 - High acid content and high water content Lemon, strawberry, grape
 - High sugar content and low water content dried fruit, honey, fruit jam ____
 - High oil content and very low water content walnut, sunflower seed, peanut butter
 - High oil content and intermediate water content olives, avocado
 - High starch and/or protein content and low water and fat content lentils, barely, pasta



Tomato Avocado Potato



Experimental set up

Sample set			Instru	
•	Reagent blank	•	Cor	
•	1 blank sample	٠	Cal	
•	5 Spiked samples at target LOQ	٠	Rea	
•	5 Spiked samples at 2-10 x target LOQ	٠	Sar	
			_	

15



10ppb 20ppb 50ppb 100ppb



<u>umental sample sequence</u>

- nditioning blanks
- libration standards
- agent blank
- mple blank

- 5 spiked samples at target LOQ
- 5 spiked samples at 2-10 x Target LOQ
- Calibration standards



Validation parameters and criteria

Parameter	What/How	Criterion
Sensitivity/Linearity	Linearity check from 5 levels	Deviation of back-calculated concentration from true concentration ≤+ 20%
Matrix effect	Difference of response from standard in matrix extract and standard in solvent	In case of more than 20% signal suppression or enhancement, matrix effects need to be addressed in Calibration
LOQ	Lowest spike level meeting the identification and method performance criteria for recovery and precision	≤ MRL
Specificity	Response in reagent blank and blank control samples	≤ 30% of Reporting Limit
Recovery	Average recovery for each spike level tested	70 – 120%
Precision (RSD _r)	Repeatability RSD _r for each spike level tested	≤ 20%
Precision (RSD _{wR})	Within-laboratory reproducibility, derived from on-going method validation / verification	≤ 20%
Robustness	Average recovery and RSD _{wR} derived from on-going method validation / verification	
Ion ratio	Check compliance with identification requirements for MS techniques	
Retention time		± 0.1 min

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Identification requirements for different MS techniques

	MS Detector/Characteristics	Acquisition	Requirements for identification		
Resolution	Typical systems (Examples)		Minimum number of ions	Additionally	
Unit Mass resolution	Single MS Quadrupole, ion trap, TOF MS/MS Triple Quadrupole, ion trap, Q- trap, Q-TOF, Q-Orbitrap	Full scan, limited m/z range, SIM Selected or multiple reaction monitoring. Mass resolution for precursor-ion isolation equal to or better than unit mass resolution	3 ions 2 products ions	 S/N ≥ 3 Analyte peaks from both product ions in the extracted ion chromatograms must fully overlap Ion ratio from sample extracts should be within ±30% (relative) or average of calibration standards from same sequence 	
Accurate mass measurement	High Resolution MS: (Q-)TOF (Q-)Orbitrap	Full scan, limited m/z range, SIM fragmentation with or without precursor-ion selection, or combination thereof	 2 ions with mass accuracy ≤ 5ppm Preferably include the molecular ion Include at least 1 fragment ion 	S/N ≥ 3 Analyte peaks from precursor and or products ion(s) in the extracted ion chromatograms must fully overlap.	







Is Miniaturization possible?





Protocol

- Aliquot 1g sample into 50ml tube 1.
- 2. Spike
- Add 2ml Acetone shake with ceramic bead 3.
- 4.
- Shake using shaker 5.
- Centrifuge 6.
- Transfer 3ml into glass vial, evaporate to dryness using Turbovap 7.
- Reconstitute with 0.5ml of Ethyl Acetate 8.
- Filter the extract through a 0.2 µm filer GC Fraction 9.
- 10. Transfer 50µl of extract into 2ml vial and add 950µl Methanol LC Fraction



Add 2ml Petroleum ether, 2ml Dichloromethane and 2g of sodium sulphate



Solvent usage

Acetone Dichloromethane Petroleum Ether Ethyl Acetate Methanol

Total Solvent usage per sample



2ml 2ml 2ml 0.5ml 0.95ml

7.45ml



Solvent usage

Acetone15ml + extra for cleaningDichloromethane15mlPetroleum Ether1515mlEthyl Acetate25mlMethanol9.5ml

Total Solvent

>124.5ml









2024 Samples

- 817 Fruit and Vegetables analysed
- Over 101L of solvent consumed
- Miniaturised method only uses 6 L
- ~17 times less solvent would be consumed















LC HRMS



Recovery % range

310 analytes262 analytes acceptable recovery

85% acceptable







Recovery % range







Can it be automated?





Collaboration with Da Vinci Laboratory Solutions UK and Ireland Ltd.

<u>Colin Hastie – Application Chemist</u> Use of Gerstel Dual head Robotic Pro Multipurpose sample (MPS)







Project Plan

Provide Colin with:

- Standards mixes
- Matrix tomato, avocado & potato
- GC MS/MS methods



Protocol

to carry out the following actions on the samples.

Sample is spiked at 4 levels with n=6 replicates at each level.

- Spike with 1 mg/L Std mix (0, 10, 50 or 100 μ L as appropriate)
- Add 2 mL of acetone to the sample 2.
- 3. Move the sample vial to the quick mix and mix at 2000 rpm for 30 seconds
- Add 2 mL of Petroleum ether to the sample 4.
- Add 2 mL of Dichloromethane to the sample 5.
- 6. Mix the sample at 2000 rpm for 30 seconds
- Move the sample to the centrifuge and centrifuge at 2000 G for 3 minutes. 7.
- Transfer 3 mL of sample extract to a 4 mL vial 8.
- Add 50 µL of nonane to the 4 mL vial as a keeper solvent 9.
- 10. Evaporate the extract in the MVap
- 11. The vial is reconstituted in 0.45 mL of Ethyl acetate and is ready for GC analysis
- 12. Transfer 50 µL of sample extract to separate 2 mL vial
- Add 950 µL of methanol to the new vial ready for LC-MS/MS analysis 13.



Into a 10 mL glass vial 1 g of samples weigh out and 2 g of sodium sulphate, this is then be loaded on to the MPS which is programmed









Experimental

Validation Batch of 30 samples ~7hrs

Approx 15 min per sample

Routine Batches ~ 18 samples

Approx 4.5hrs





Results – tomato GC





192 analytes 160 analytes acceptable recovery

83% acceptable





192 analytes 167 analytes acceptable recovery

87% acceptable



Results – potato GC





192 analytes 158 analytes acceptable recovery

82% acceptable



% Recovery

recovery 50ppb 140 128 105 ъ 70 35 20 50 - 60 70 - 80 90 - 100 110 - 120 130 - 140 < 40 130 - 140 90 - 100 110 - 120 % Recovery

> 192 analytes 166 analytes acceptable recovery

recovery 100ppb

86% acceptable



Problematic compounds

Not currently accredited	Tomato	Potato	Not on GC Scope
1,4-DimethyInapthalene	1,4 dimethyInapthalene	1,4 dimethylnapthalene	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol
Anthraquinone	Binapacryl	Acephate	3,5-Dichloroaniline
Captofol	biphenyl	Aclonifen	3-chloroaniline
Captan	Biteranol-II	Aldrin	Methamidophos
Dicofol	Captan	Anthraquinone	Molinate
Dimoxystrobin	Carbofuran	Azaconazole	Simazine
Endosulfan-alpha	Chlorothalonil	Biteranol-II	Terbuthylazine
Folpet	Dichlobenil	Bromophos-ethyl	
Formothion	Dichlorvos	Chlorbufam	
Heptachlor endo-epoxide,trans	Etridazole	Cyanofenphos I	
Isofenphos-oxon	methacrifos	Diazinon	
Nitrofen	O-phenylphenol	Diphenylamine	
Oxadixyl	Phorate	Heptachlor exo epoxide	
Paraoxon methyl	Propham	hexachlorobenzene	
PCB28	Tecnazene	Iprovalicarb II	
PCB52	Triadimenol	Omethoate	
PCB101		Procymidone	
PCB118		Propachlor	
PCB138			
PCB153			
PCB180			
Pentachloroaniline			
Phorate			
Pirimicarb desmethyl			
Resmethrin			
Silthiofam			
Tefluthrin			





Results – Avocado LC



128 analytes 99 analytes acceptable recovery

77% acceptable







128 analytes 100 analytes acceptable recovery

78% acceptable



Results – Tomato LC



128 analytes 112 analytes acceptable recovery

88% acceptable







128 analytes 118 analytes acceptable recovery

92% acceptable





>79% of assessed analytes passed recovery criteria





Potential Issues

Homogenisation – current protocol proves difficult to obtain small enough particles to have representative sample











Next steps?





Next steps

Purchase Gerstel Dual head
 Robotic Robotic Pro
 Multipurpose sample (MPS)

3.Validation and Accreditation of Fruit and Vegetables method









Thank you for your attention!

Thank you

Da Vinci Laboratory Solutions UK and Ireland Ltd. Colin Hastie Jim Garvey Sadbh Healy





Any questions?

